



Raytheon
Integrated Defense Systems

Ship Self Defence System Mk 2 and Data Distribution Standard (DDS)

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Raytheon

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Evolving USN Functionality

SSDS MK 1

Standalone Self Defense

- LSD 41 Class
- 3 Operators
- 10 External Interfaces



SSDS MK 2 Mod 0

Weapon Control Integrated with existing CMS

- CVN 68 Only
- ACDS BLK 1 and CEC are Primary CS Elements
- 1 Operator
- 7 External Interfaces



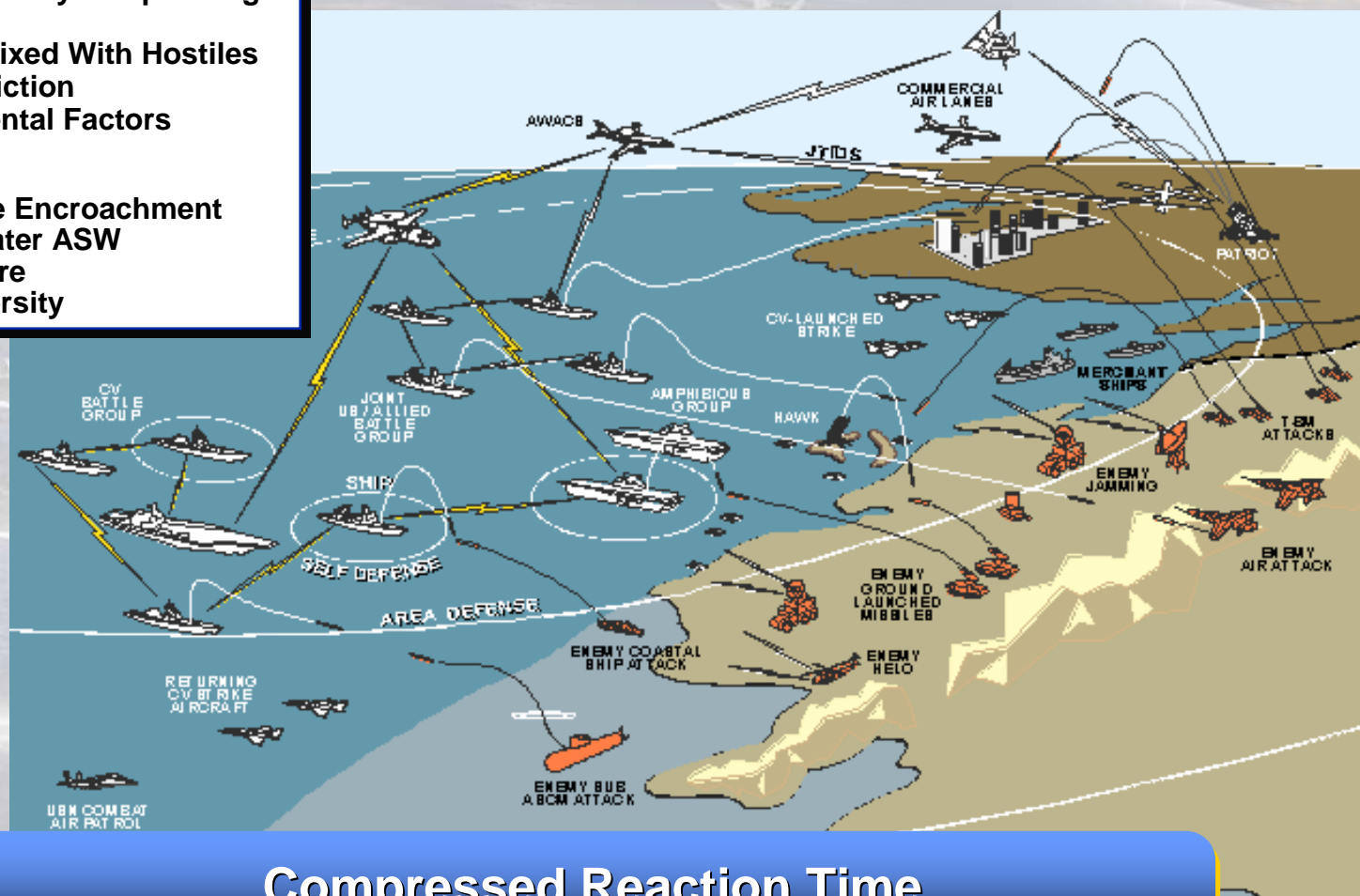
SSDS MK 2 Mod 1/2/3

Multi-Warfare Combat Management System

- CVN 76/LPD 17/LHD 8
- CEC Fully Integrated
- Air/Sea/Under Sea/Land Track Picture
- 24 Operators
- 16 External Interfaces
- Includes C4I Connectivity, Data Links, Air Control, Force Orders, Etc.
- Mod 1A/2A/3A Have Hardware Technology Upgrade

Today's Littoral Operations

- Close Proximity of Operating Forces
- Neutrals Mixed With Hostiles
- ID Deconfliction
- Environmental Factors
 - Ducting
 - Clutter
- Battlespace Encroachment
- Shallow Water ASW
- Mine Warfare
- Threat Diversity

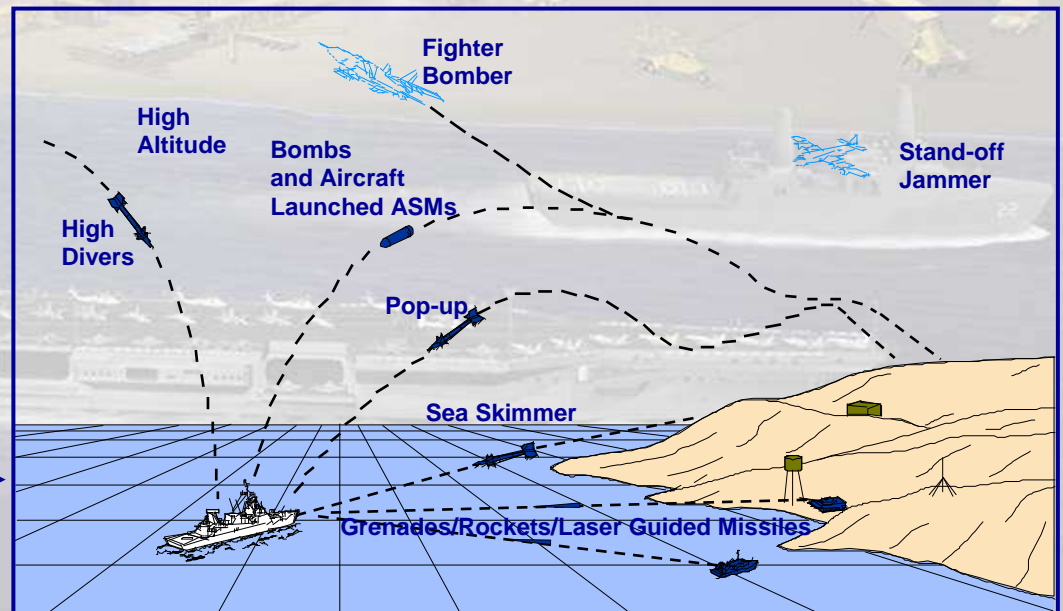
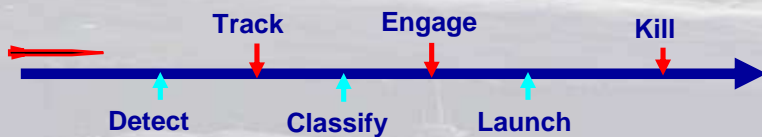
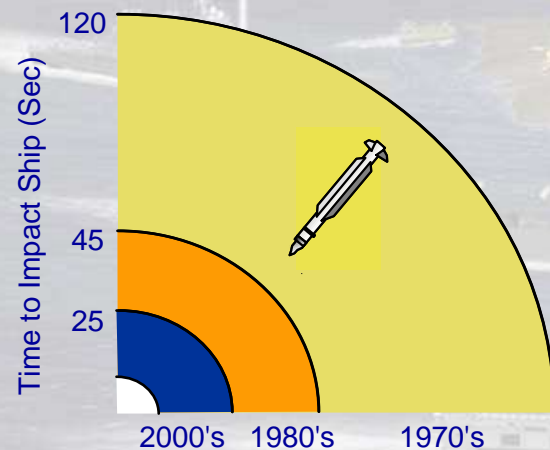


Compressed Reaction Time

Degraded Situational Awareness

Anti-Air Warfare Threat

- Ownship must be capable of defending itself in the modern Anti-Ship Missile environment:
 - Less time to react
 - Larger raids of threats
 - Littoral Environment



The Evolving Threat

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1998-2005
Near-Term is **TOUGH**

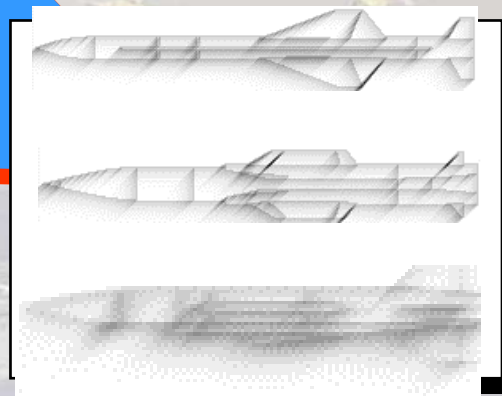


2006-2011
Mid-Term is **HARDER**



- **Faster**
- **Advanced Seeker**
- **More Maneuverable**
- **Increased Lethality**
- **Low Altitude**
- **Stealthy**

2012+
Far Term is **DEADLY**

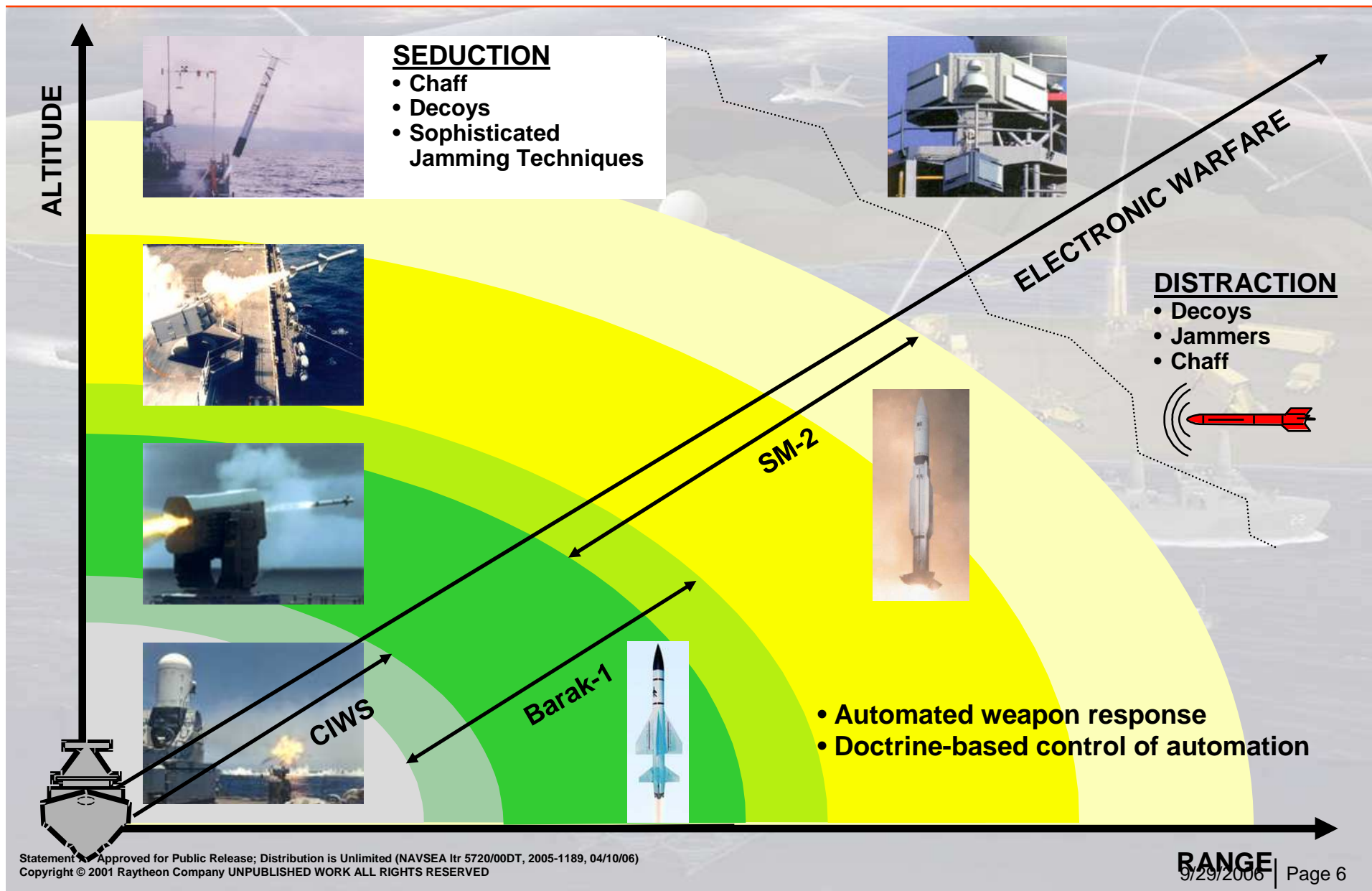


THE RESPONSE

SSDS Layered/Automated
Detect-Control-Engage

Layered Ship Self Defense

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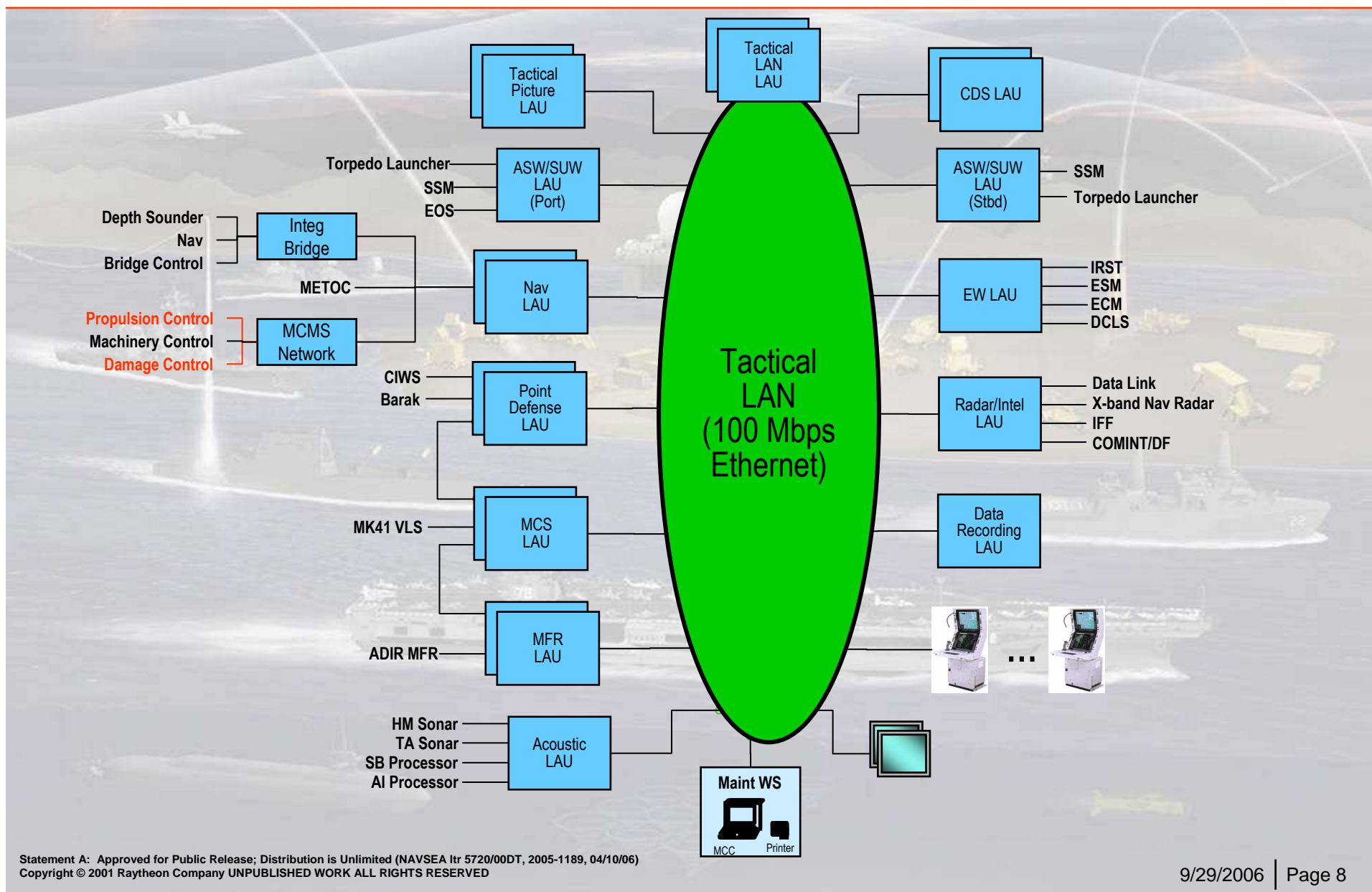
TECHEVAL Results

- First Successful Demonstration of a Fully Distributed, Open Architecture Combat System Utilizing:
 - Multi-Sensor Integrated Tactical Picture
 - Doctrine-based Defense Decisions
 - Automatic Detect - through - Engage Processing
 - Integrated Scheduling of Hard Kill and Soft Kill Weapons
- Detected, Tracked and Destroyed Multiple Missile Threats With RAM and CIWS
- Four Target Kills in Four Attempts

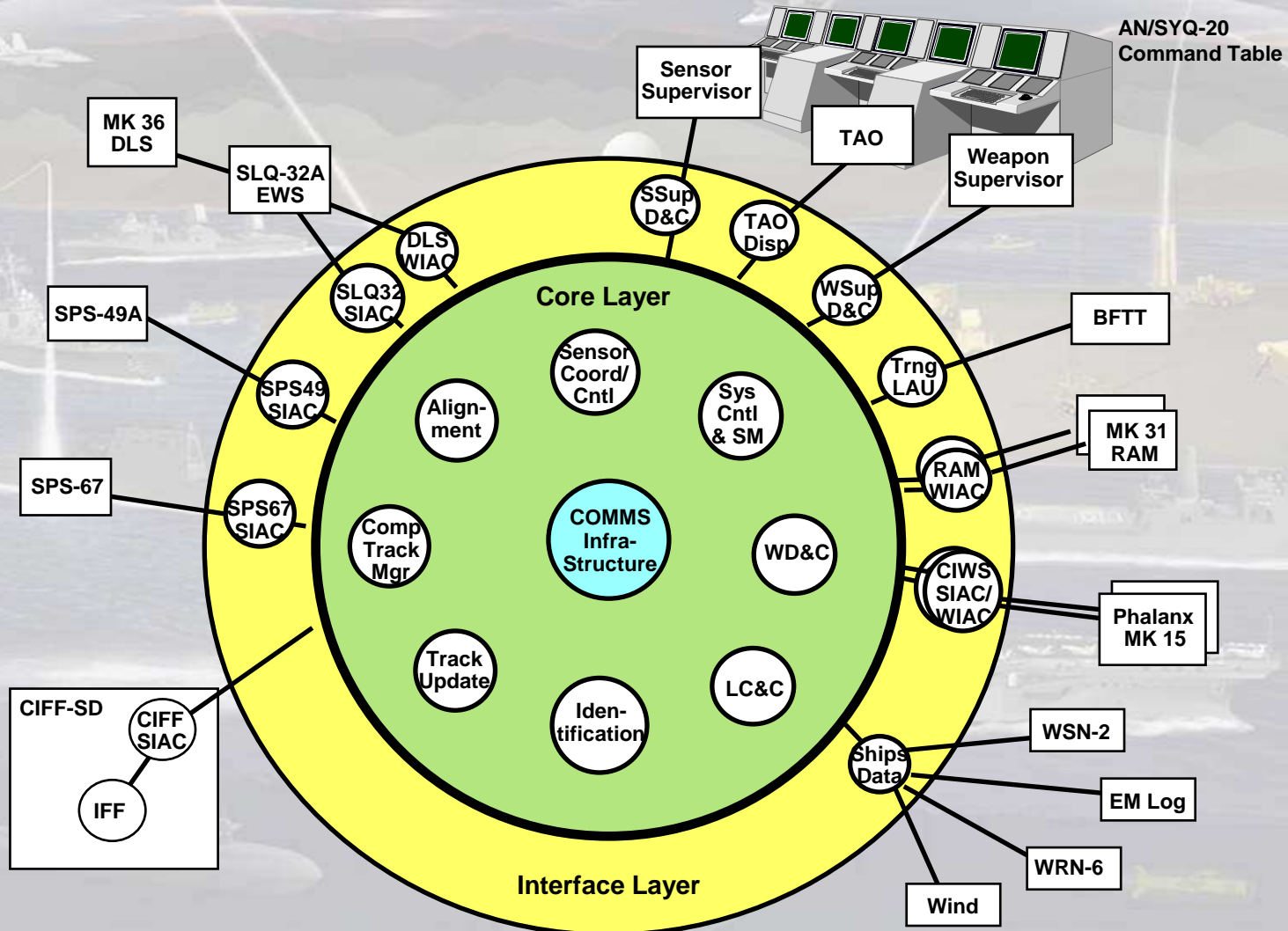


Physical Distribution and Redundancy Achieves Readiness Requirements

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Layered Distributed Architecture



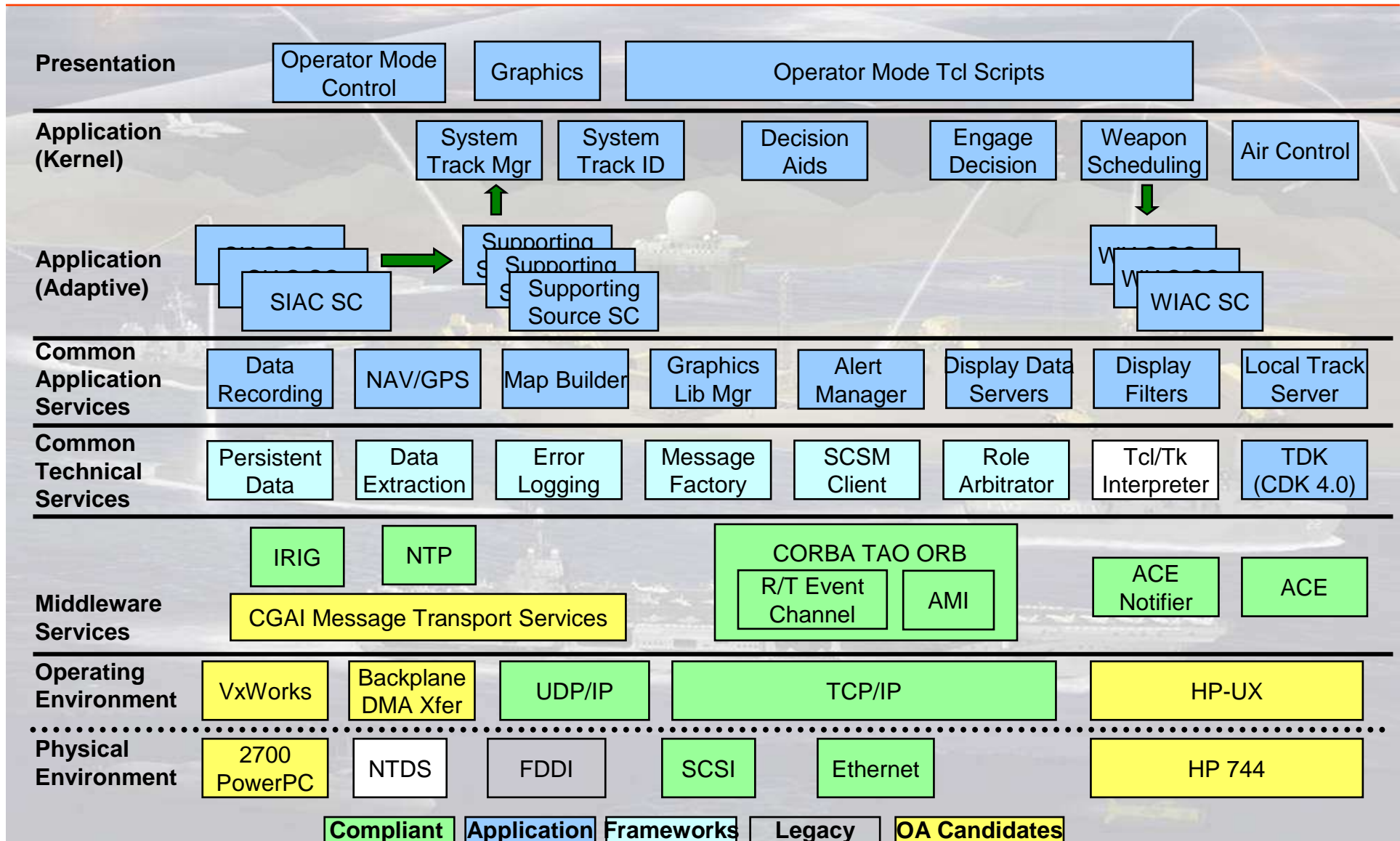
SSDS Open Architecture

- Open Architecture Precepts
 - Designed in from the ground up
 - Evolved from architecture established in SSDS MK 1
 - COTS processor and network technology
 - C++, CORBA, ACE, POSIX OS
 - Common data communications standards
 - Physically distributed for expansion
- Extensible application design
 - Information-driven
 - Object-oriented
 - Component-based
 - Layered architecture
 - Survivable
 - Fault tolerant
- Single Source Baseline
 - Supports three ship configurations

SSDS Layered Architecture

Pre-Tech Refresh

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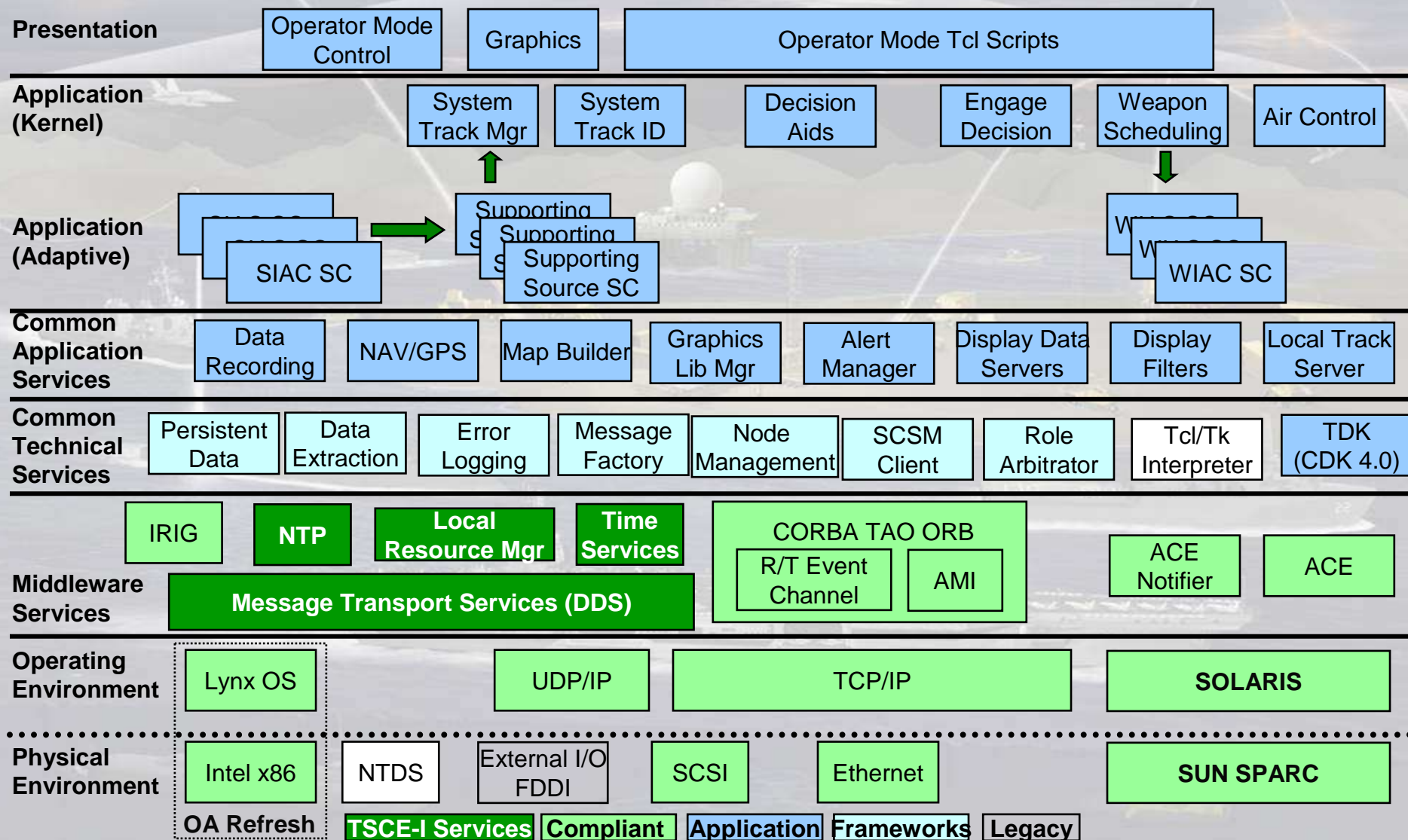
SSDS MK 2 Open Architecture Migration

- U.S. Navy Open Architecture Computing Environment (OACE) Standards Compliance
 - Publish/subscribe middleware replacement with OACE compliant COTS (DDS)
 - OACE compliant processors and operating system (Intel/LynxOS)
- Elimination of Multiple LANs
- Gigabit Redundant Core Switch
- General Processing and External I/O Processing in Separate Cabinets

SSDS Layered Architecture

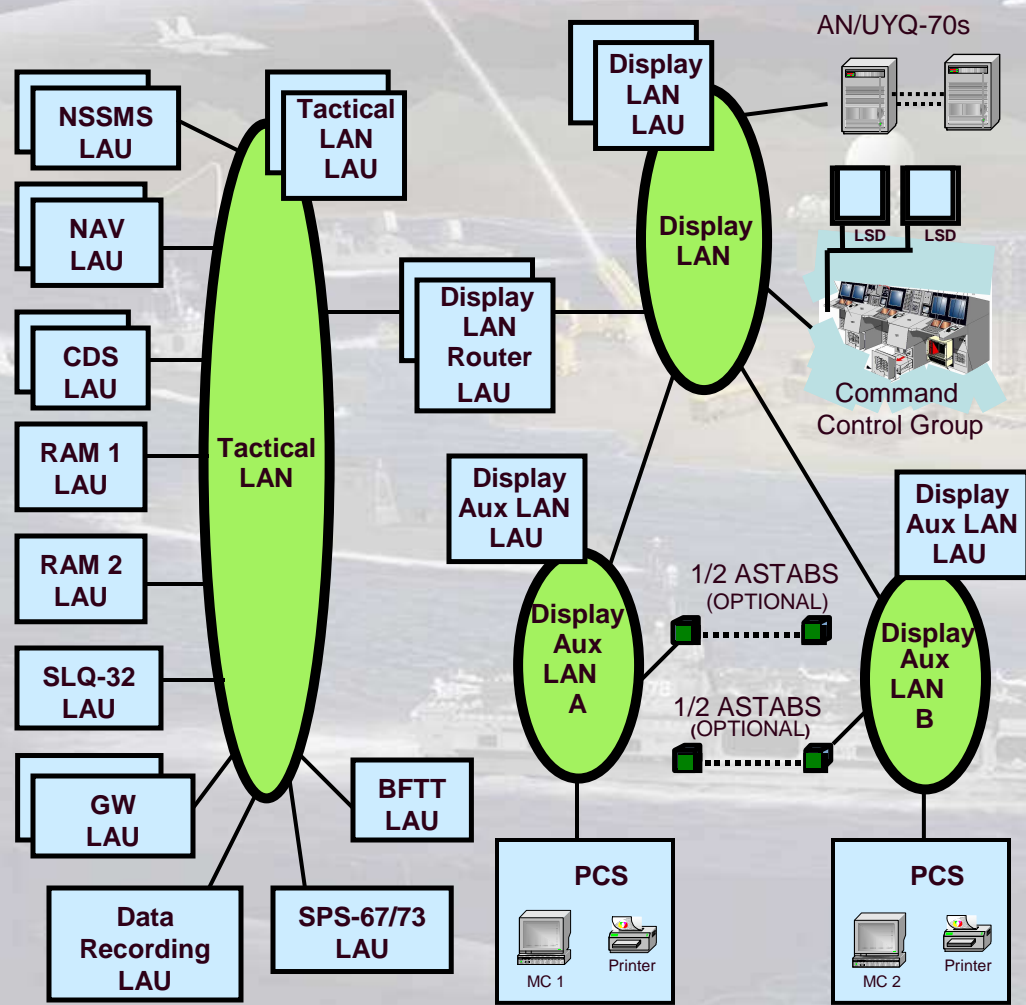
Open Architecture with TSCE-I

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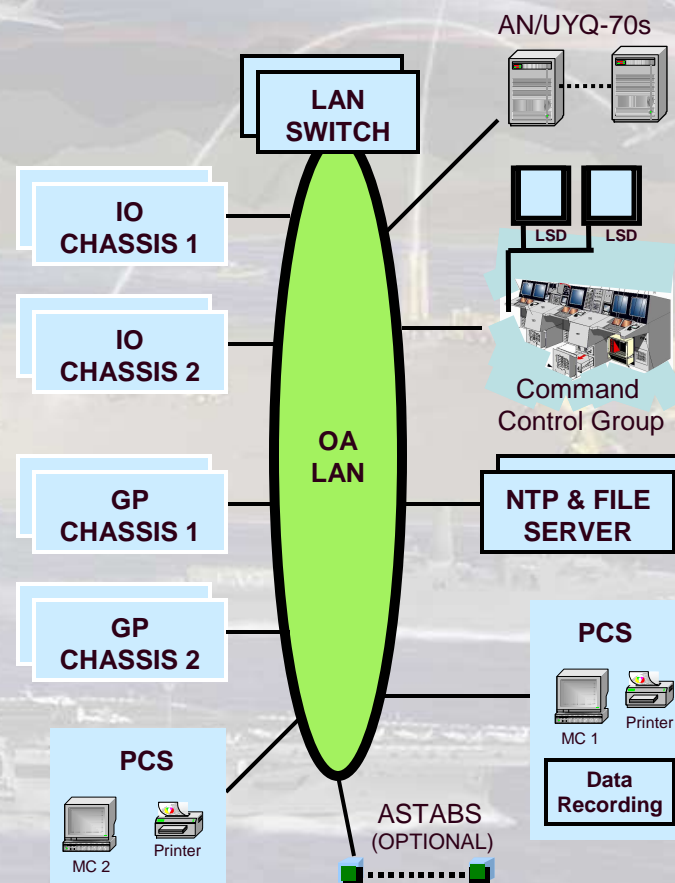


Hardware Configurations

SSDS MK 2 Mod 1A/2A/3A

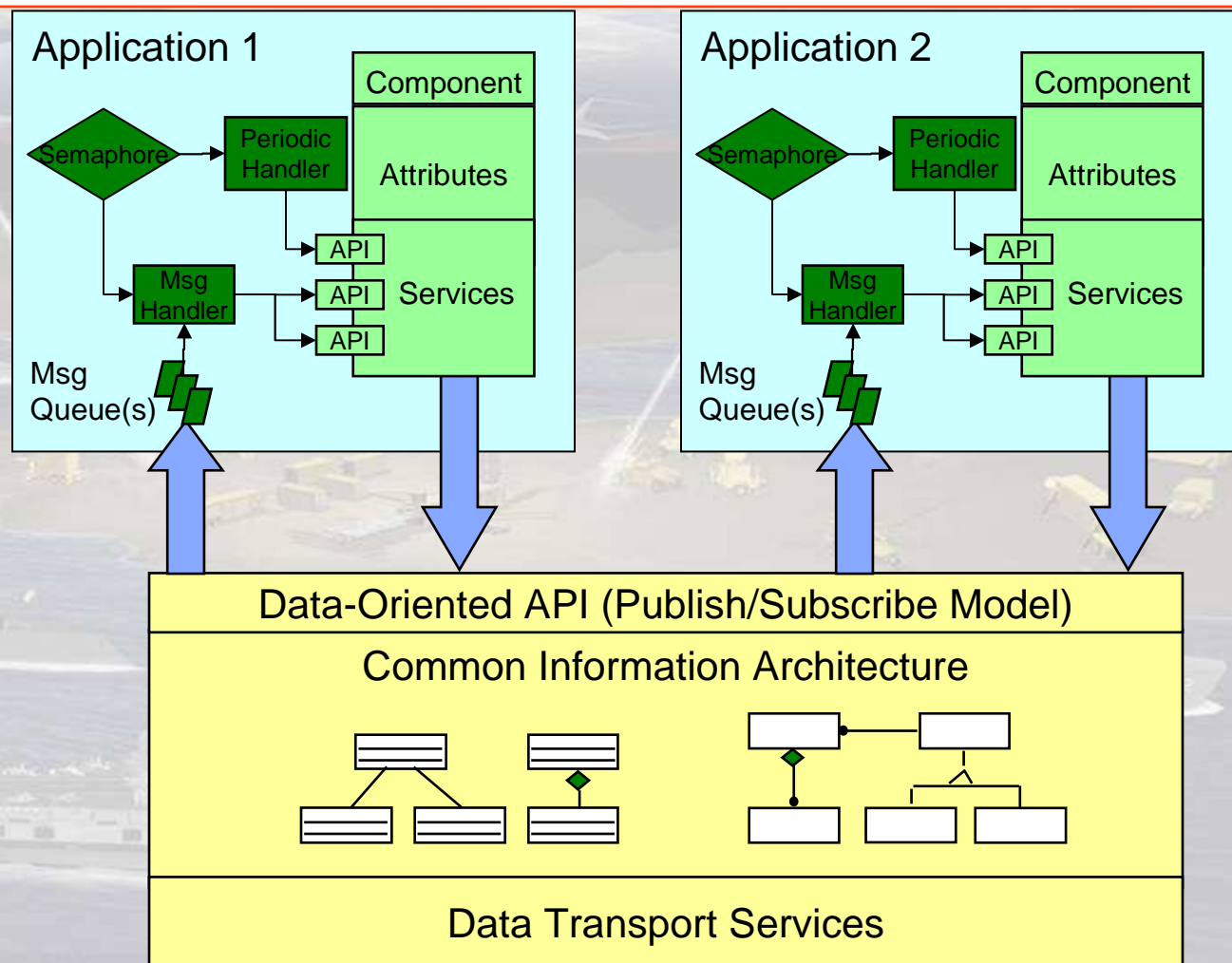


SSDS MK 2 OA



Single SSDS OA LAN
I/O processors separate from general processing
Data Recording moved to PCS

Publish/Subscribe Common Information Model

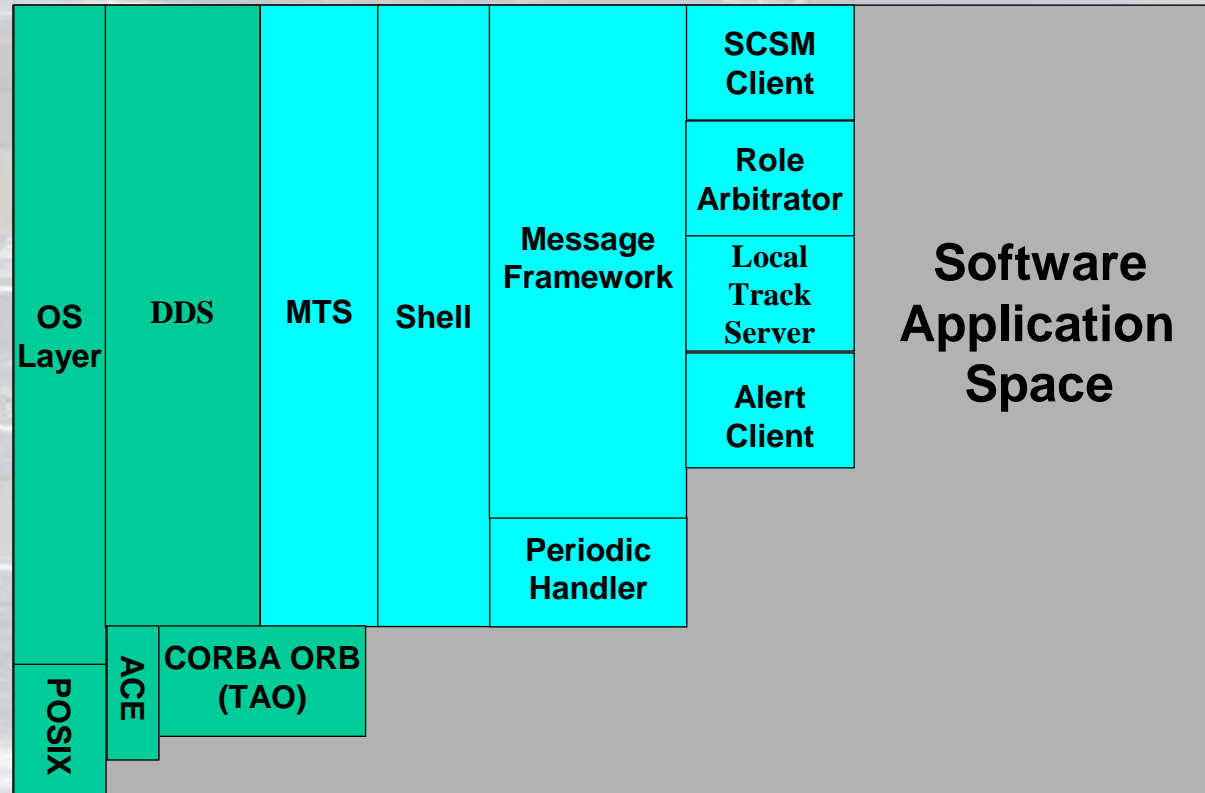


Components:

- manage subset of system attributes
- reporting changes in state of attributes
- triggered by changes in system state
- conform to common message definitions

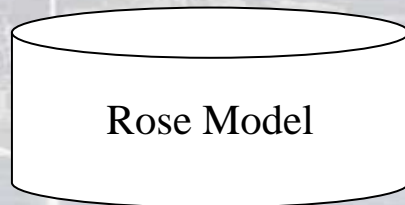
OA Software Component Layered Abstraction Model

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Software component structure is independent of OS platform

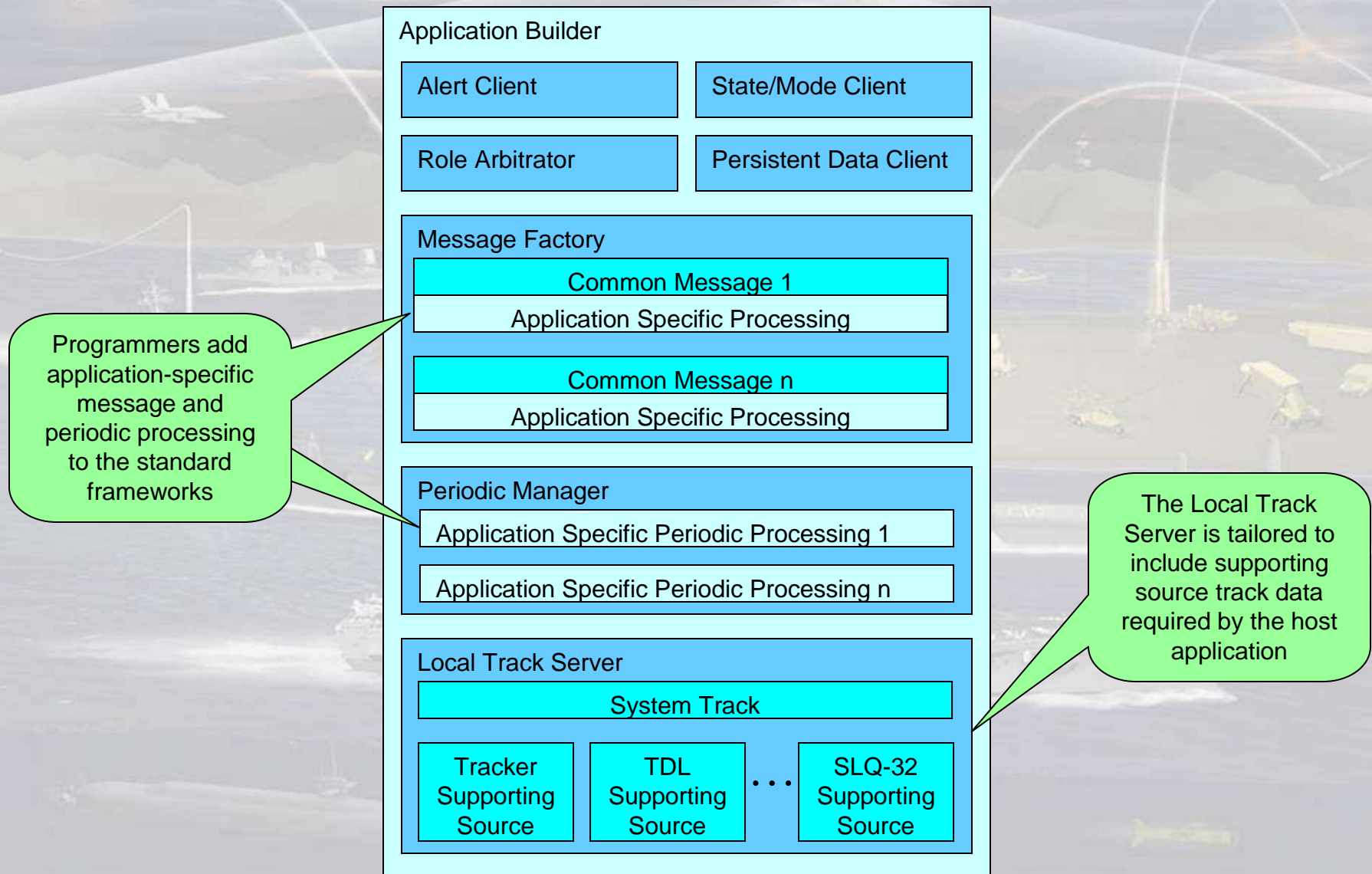
Model Driven Design



- Object Oriented Design
- Common message definition classes
- SC specific behavior added to derived class
- Auto-generation of skeleton code

Common Software Component Framework

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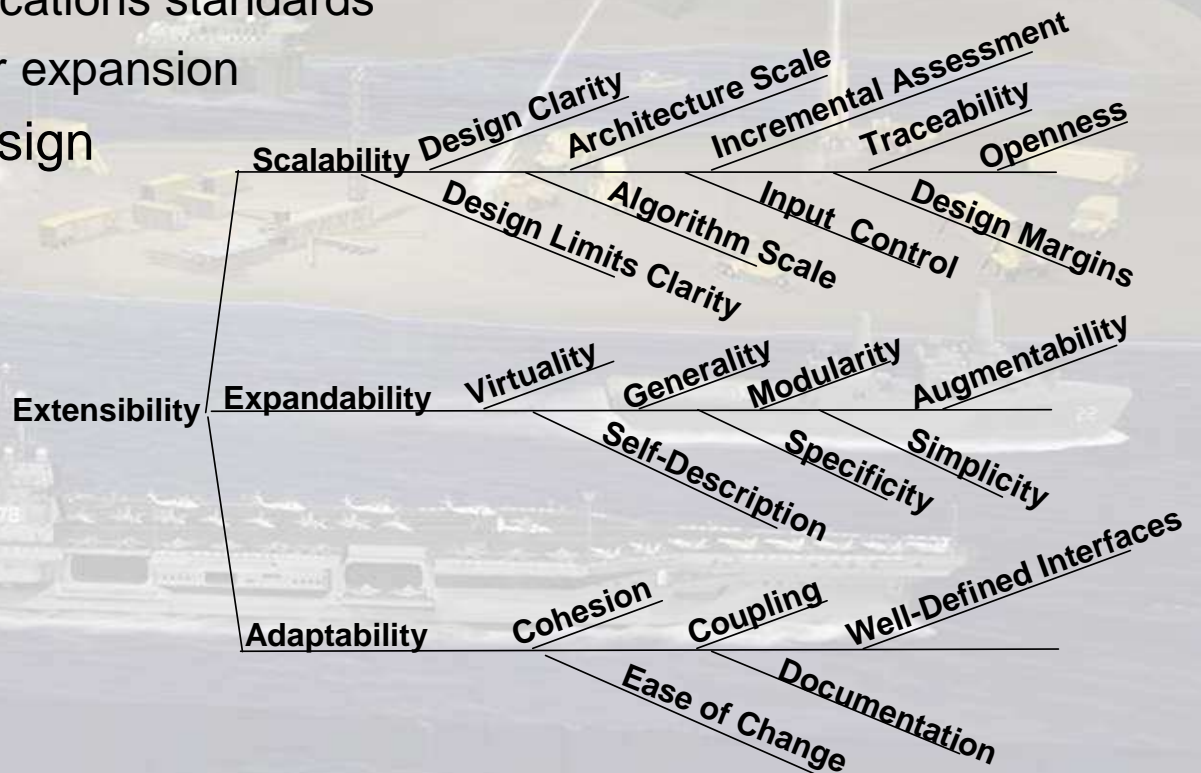
U.S. Navy Standard Command and Control

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- 
- Establish a Common Architecture for all Navy Command and Control Systems
 - Core Extensible Infrastructure to Provide Common Services and Capability
 - Resource Management
 - Navigation Data
 - Time Services
 - Compile Inventory of Reusable/Configurable Functional Components
 - Track Management
 - Weapons Management
 - Cooperation with Industry
 - Raytheon
 - Lockheed Martin

Extensibility Was Major SSDS Architectural Driver

- Open computing architecture
 - COTS processor and network technology
 - C++, CORBA, ACE, POSIX OS
 - Common data communications standards
 - Physically distributed for expansion
- Extensible application design
 - Information-driven
 - Object-oriented
 - Component-based
 - Layered architecture
 - Survivable
 - Fault Tolerant



When Seconds Count

DETECT



CONTROL



- When Seconds Count....**
SSDS Provides Cost Effective Ship Self-Defense
With High Probability of Raid Annihilation Through:
- State of the Art Sensor Integration
 - Quick Reaction Through Automation & Efficient Human / Machine Interface
 - Coordination of Weapons
 - Based on Industry Standards

ENGAGE

